

$$y'' - 3y' - 10y = 5e^{2x} \cos 0x \quad 2) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \alpha = 2 \\ \beta = 0 \end{array} \right\} \alpha + i\beta = 2 + i0 = 2$$

$$1) \quad y'' - 3y' - 10y = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 3\lambda - 10 = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 5)(\lambda + 2) = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 5$$

$$\lambda_2 = -2$$

$$y_H = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{5x}$$

$$c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y_p = e^{2x} \cdot x^0 (A \cdot \cos 0x + B \sin 0x) = \underline{\underline{Ae^{2x}}}$$

$$y_p' = 2Ae^{2x} \quad y_p'' = 4Ae^{2x}$$

$$\text{dosadení: } 4Ae^{2x} - 6Ae^{2x} - 10Ae^{2x} = 5e^{2x}$$

$$-12A = 5 \rightarrow A = -\frac{5}{12}$$

$$\downarrow \\ y_p = -\frac{5}{12} e^{2x}$$

$$\text{obecné řešení: } y = y_H + y_p = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{5x} - \frac{5}{12} e^{2x}$$

$$y'' + 9y = 1 \cdot \sin 3x \cdot e^{0x}, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \alpha = 0 \\ \beta = 3 \\ \kappa = 1 \end{array} \right\} \alpha + i\beta = 0 + 3i = 3i$$

$$1) \quad y'' + 9y = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 + 9 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 = -9$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = 0 \pm 3i$$

$$y_1 = e^{0x} \cos 3x = \cos 3x$$

$$y_2 = e^{0x} \sin 3x = \sin 3x$$

$$y_H = C_1 \cos 3x + C_2 \sin 3x$$

$$C_1, C_2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

1x

$$y_p = e^{0x} \cdot x^1 (A \cos 3x + B \sin 3x)$$

$$y_p = x (A \cos 3x + B \sin 3x) = \underline{-\frac{1}{6} x \cos 3x}$$

$$y_p' = (A \cos 3x + B \sin 3x) + x (-3A \sin 3x + 3B \cos 3x)$$

$$y_p'' = -3A \sin 3x + 3B \cos 3x + (-3A \sin 3x + 3B \cos 3x) + x (-9A \cos 3x - 9B \sin 3x)$$

$$\text{denn: } -6A \sin 3x + 6B \cos 3x + x (-9A \cos 3x - 9B \sin 3x) + 9x (A \cos 3x + B \sin 3x) = \sin 3x$$

$$\sin x: -6A = 1 \rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{6} \quad \cos x: 6B = 0 \rightarrow B = 0$$

overné řešení :  $y = y_H + y_P = C_1 \cos 3x + C_2 \sin 3x - \frac{1}{6} x \cos 3x$

$$y' = -3C_1 \sin 3x + 3C_2 \cos 3x - \frac{1}{6} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{6} x 3 \sin 3x$$

3)  $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0$  :  $0 = C_1 + \cancel{C_2 \cdot 0} - \cancel{\frac{1}{6} \cdot 0} \rightarrow \underline{C_1 = 0}$

$$0 = 3C_2 - \frac{1}{6} \rightarrow 3C_2 = \frac{1}{6} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{C_2 = \frac{1}{18}}}$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{1}{18} \sin 3x - \frac{1}{6} x \cos 3x}$$

$$y''' - 4y'' = 80x^3$$

$$1) y''' - 4y'' = 0$$

$$\lambda^4 - 4\lambda^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2(\lambda^2 - 4) = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 0)^2 (\lambda - 2)(\lambda + 2) = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0 \quad \lambda_2 = 2 \quad \lambda_3 = -2$$

$$y_{OH} = c_1 + c_2 x + c_3 e^{2x} + c_4 e^{-2x}$$

$$2) \alpha = 0 \quad \beta = 0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \alpha + i\beta = 0 + 0i = 0 \\ \beta = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$k = 2$$

$$y_p = e^{0x} \cdot x^2 \left[ (Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx + D) \cdot \cos 0x + (Ex^3 + Fx^2 + Gx + H) \sin 0x \right]$$

$$y_p = Ax^5 + Bx^4 + Cx^3 + Dx^2$$

$$y_p' = 5Ax^4 + 4Bx^3 + 3Cx^2 + 2Dx$$

$$y_p'' = 20Ax^3 + 12Bx^2 + 6Cx + 2D$$

$$y_p''' = 60Ax^2 + 24Bx + 6C$$

$$y_p'''' = 120Ax + 24B$$



$$\text{domeni: } \underline{120Ax} + \underline{24B} - \underline{80Ax^3} - \underline{48Bx^2} - \underline{24Cx} - \underline{8D} = \underline{80x^3}$$

$$u x^3: -80A = 80 \rightarrow A = -1$$

$$u x^2: -48B = 0 \rightarrow B = 0$$

$$u x: 120A - 24C = 0 \rightarrow 24C = 120A = -120 \rightarrow C = -\frac{120}{24} = -5$$

$$u x^0: 24B - 8D = 0 \rightarrow D = 0$$

$$y_p = -x^5 - 5x^3$$

$$\text{općenitije: } y = y_H + y_p = c_1 + c_2 x + c_3 e^{2x} + c_4 e^{-2x} - x^5 - 5x^3$$

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$$\underline{c_1, c_2, c_3, c_4 \in \mathbb{R}}$$

$$y'' - 2y' + 2y = e^x \sin x, \quad y(0) = \frac{1}{2}, \quad y'(0) = 0$$

$$1) \quad y'' - 2y' + 2y = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 2 = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm 2i}{2} = 1 \pm i$$

$$y = c_1 e^x \cos x + c_2 e^x \sin x$$

$$2) \quad \alpha = 1, \quad \alpha + i\beta = 1 + i$$
$$\beta = 1$$
$$k = 1$$

$$y_p = (e^x \cdot x)(A \cos x + B \sin x)$$

$$y_p' = (e^x \cdot x + e^x)(A \cos x + B \sin x) + (e^x \cdot x)(-A \sin x + B \cos x)$$

$$y_p'' = (e^x \cdot x + e^x + e^x)(A \cos x + B \sin x) + (e^x \cdot x + e^x)(-A \sin x + B \cos x) +$$
$$+ (e^x \cdot x + e^x)(-A \sin x + B \cos x) + (e^x \cdot x)(-A \cos x - B \sin x)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \cancel{e^x \cdot x A \cos x} + \cancel{e^x \cdot x \cdot B \sin x} + \cancel{2e^x A \cos x} + \cancel{2e^x B \sin x} - \cancel{A \sin x \cdot e^x \cdot x} + \cancel{B \cos x \cdot e^x \cdot x} \\
& - \cancel{e^x A \sin x} + \cancel{e^x \cdot B \cos x} - \cancel{A \sin x e^x \cdot x} + \cancel{B \cos x e^x \cdot x} - \cancel{A \sin x e^x} + \cancel{B \cos x e^x} \\
& - \cancel{A \cos x e^x \cdot x} - \cancel{B \sin x e^x \cdot x} - \cancel{2A \cos x e^x \cdot x} - \cancel{2B \sin x e^x \cdot x} - \cancel{2A e^x A \cos x} - \cancel{2B e^x B \sin x} \\
& + \cancel{2A \sin x e^x \cdot x} - \cancel{2B \cos x e^x \cdot x} + \cancel{2A \cos x \cdot x e^x} + \cancel{2B \sin x e^x \cdot x} = \underline{e^x \sin x}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\cancel{2A \sin x e^x} = e^x \sin x \rightarrow : u \quad \sin x \cdot e^x : -2A = 1 \rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{2}$$

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$$\cos x \cdot e^x : 2B = 0 \rightarrow B = 0$$

$$y = y_H + y_p = c_1 e^x \cos x + c_2 e^x \sin x - \frac{1}{2} (x e^x) \cos x \quad y_p = \frac{1}{2} x \cdot e^x \cos x$$

$$y' = c_1 e^x \cos x - c_1 e^x \sin x + c_2 e^x \sin x + c_2 e^x \cos x - \frac{1}{2} (e^x + x e^x) \cos x + \frac{1}{2} x e^x \sin x$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = c_1$$

$$\rightarrow 0 = c_1 + c_2 - \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow c_2 = 0$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} e^x \cos x - \frac{1}{2} x e^x \cos x$$